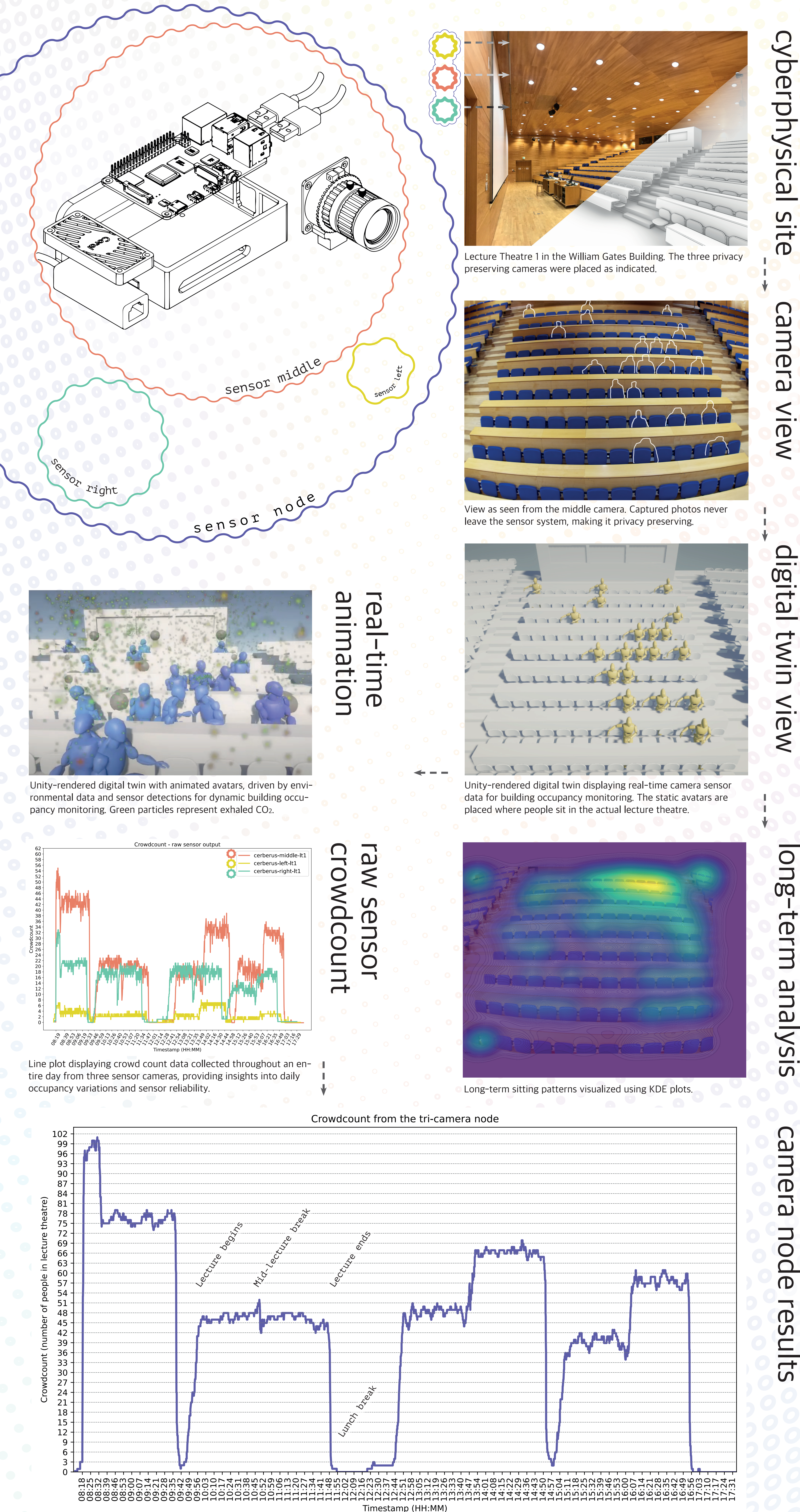


Privacy preserving camera system embedded in a Digital Twin environment

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00 Objective

Real-time, privacy-preserving seat occupancy monitoring system using Raspberry Pi 4 and face detection algorithms.

Accurate building occupancy monitoring aids disease mitigation and facility management; existing solutions lack scalability.

01 Sensor System

System Architecture

Hardware: Raspberry Pi 4 with wide-angle lenses, positioned to cover the entire lecture theatre.

Software: Onboard edge computing for face detection (sensor) and asynchronous data analysis (node).

Machine Learning Models

Multi-Modal Face Detection: Different models (e.g., Yoloface v5, YuNet, RetinaFace) running sequentially or in parallel.

Data Streaming

MQTT Broker: For asynchronous data transmission to the Adaptive City Platform.

Real-time and Event-Based: Data sent periodically and/or triggered by specific events.

Data is processed on the edge to ensure privacy and efficiency.

02 Data Visualisation

Short Term

Moving animations in Unity represent real-time seat occupancy and environmental conditions. Animations could also be tied to specific environmental criteria or student attentiveness, offering a spatiotemporal visualisation.

Long Term

Kernel Density Estimation (KDE) plots provide an aggregate, long-term view of seat occupancy, facilitating trend analysis and strategic decision-making.

03 Summary

Our privacy-preserving system enables real-time crowd analytics. The tri-camera node setup feeds into a sensor-embedded digital twin, offering critical behavioral insights.